



Leadership is not about size



It's about knowledge & wisdom



10 Reasons

Why Privacy Rights are Important

1 Privacy Rights prevent the government from spying on people (without cause)

2 Privacy Rights keep organisations from using personal data for their own goals

3 Privacy Rights help ensure those who steal or misuse data are held accountable

4 Privacy Rights help maintain social boundaries

5 Privacy Rights help build trust

6 Privacy Rights ensure we have control over our data

7 Privacy Rights protect freedom of speech and thought

8 Privacy Rights let you engage freely in politics

9 Privacy Rights protect reputations

10 Privacy Rights protect your finances

The background is a vibrant green with a complex pattern of thin, white, concentric circles and intersecting lines, creating a web-like or orbital effect. Scattered throughout this pattern are numerous small, bright green dots. The acronym 'DPO' is repeated in a white, sans-serif font, positioned at various angles and locations around the central text, appearing to float or orbit. The central text itself is a large, stylized, orange-yellow script font.

Data Privacy Trends in 2023



Global rise in data privacy regulations

Companies will invest more in privacy technologies

A cookieless future

Greater transparency in the collection and processing of personal data

Increase in requests and complaints of data subjects

More data security and privacy job positions

1. Global rise in data privacy regulations

The global rise in data privacy regulations will continue to rise in 2023. By the end of 2024, it is expected that 75% of the global population will have its personal information covered under privacy regulations.

2. Companies will invest more in privacy technologies

Privacy-enhancing technologies took the center stage in 2022 and will continue to rise in 2023. In 2019 Google launched [Privacy Sandbox](#) and is currently working on [Trust token API](#) and other privacy technologies to [replace third-party cookies](#). In 2021 – 2022, big tech companies were charged with [multi-million fines](#) for the **GDPR** breaches. The total amount of fines appointed on Meta alone until the end of 2022 by the Irish Data Protection Commission for breaching the **GDPR** and [ePrivacy Directive](#) seeks [nearly €1 billion](#). In addition, the Irish Data Protection Commission also has 40 open inquiries for other big tech companies. This tendency will continue in 2023, and we should see more companies charged with big fines for breaches of privacy regulations, especially the European ones.

Source: <https://cookie-script.com/blog/data-privacy-trends-in-2023>
<http://www.pptback.com/flowers/abstract-gradient-yellow-flowers-pptbackground.html>

3. A cookieless future

Google has announced that by the end of 2023, it will officially stop supporting Third-Party Cookies on the Google Chrome browser. The trend will continue for removing cookies in favor of consent-based data-collecting solutions.

4. Greater transparency in the collection and processing of personal data

User privacy survey shows that website users value data privacy, and over 50% of them would change service providers simply because of their data policies or data sharing practices. The trend will continue in 2023.

5. Increase in requests and complaints of data subjects

Data subjects of the privacy regulations are becoming more aware of their rights and want to protect their personal information. As data subjects continue to exercise their right to know, update, delete, or otherwise handle the personal information businesses have collected about them, this will follow by a significant increase in data subject requests and complaints in 2023.

6. More data security and privacy job positions

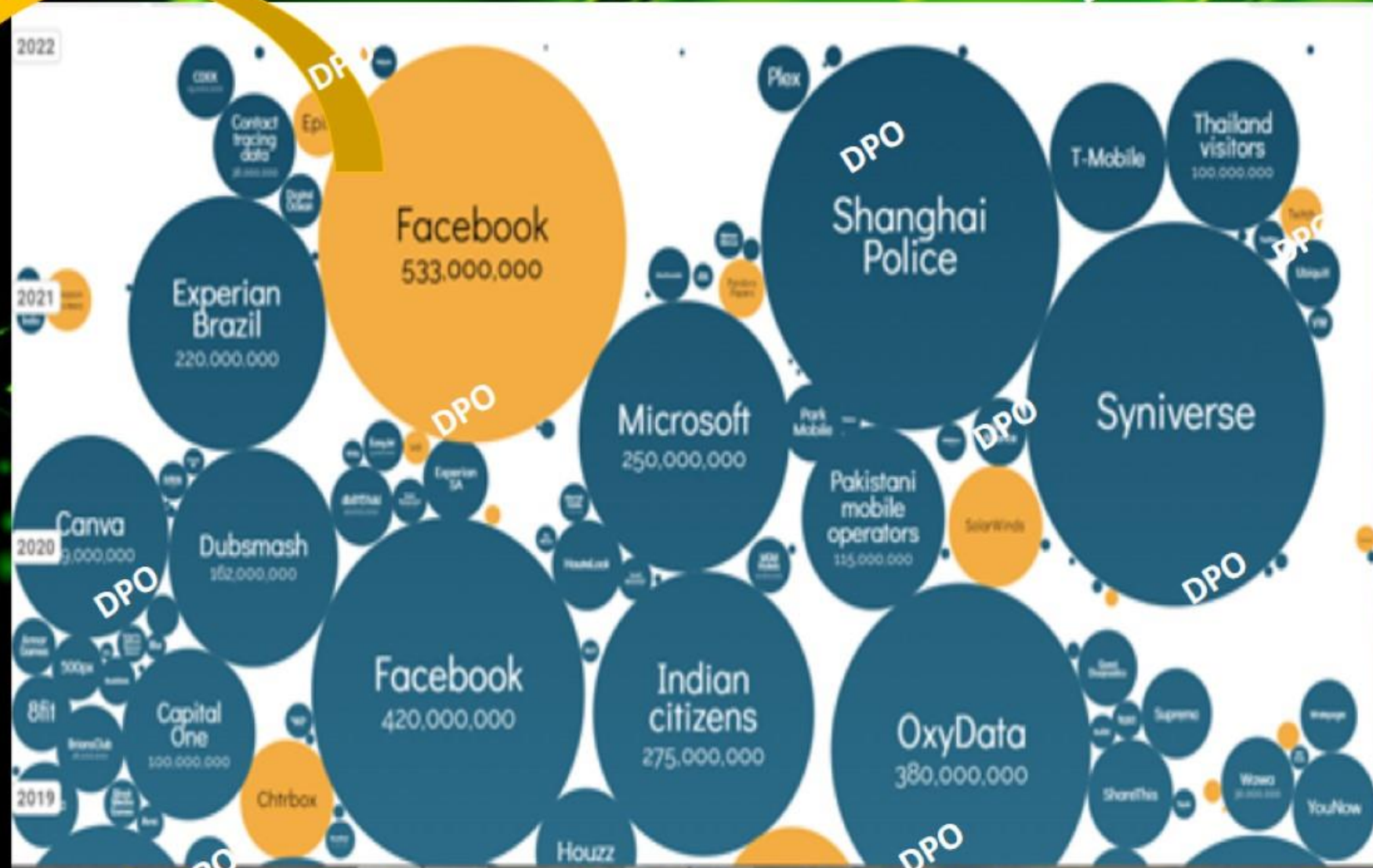
Increasing and changing privacy regulations worldwide will lead to more data security jobs for humans in the coming year. The increase in related jobs in recent years dispels the myth that Data Science and Artificial Intelligence replace human labor.

World's Biggest Data Breaches

Mar 2021

533,000,000 records lost.

Phone numbers, full names, locations, email addresses and biographical information on 533 million users from 106 countries. Scraped due to vulnerability "patched in 2019"

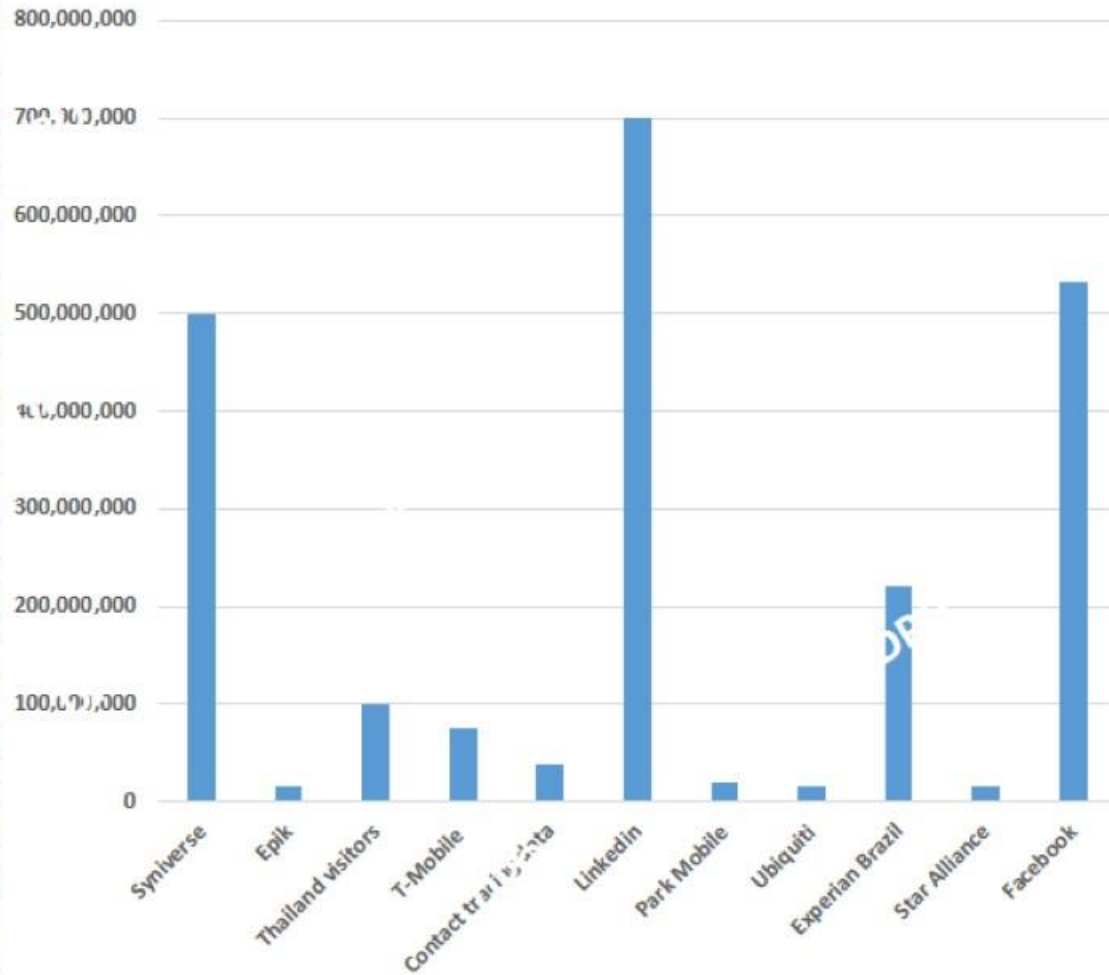


Source: <https://www.informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/worlds-biggest-data-breaches-hacks/>

Data Breaches exceeding 15,000,000 records lost

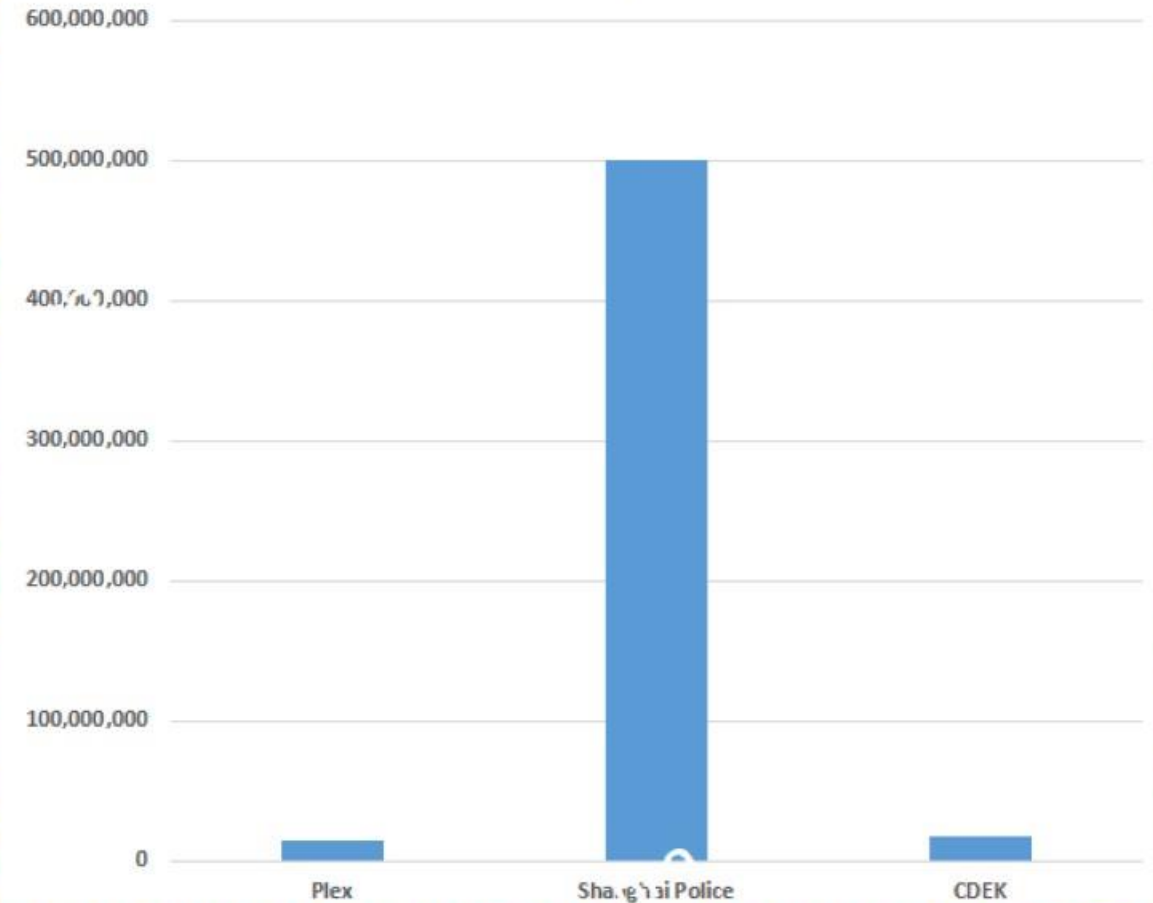
2021

2021



2022

2022



DPO



DPO

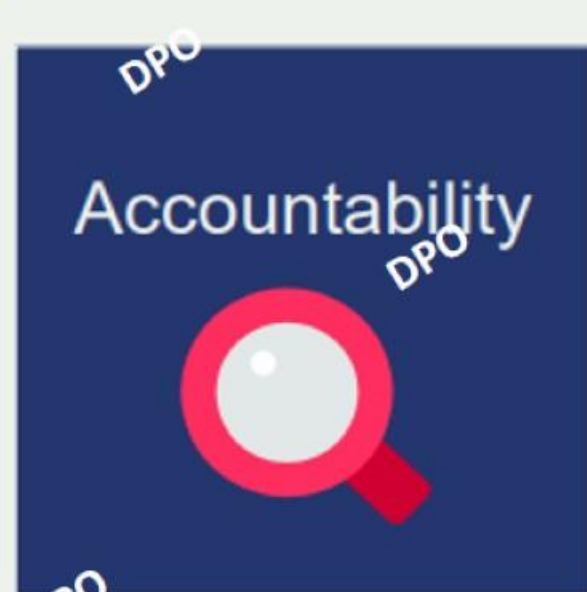
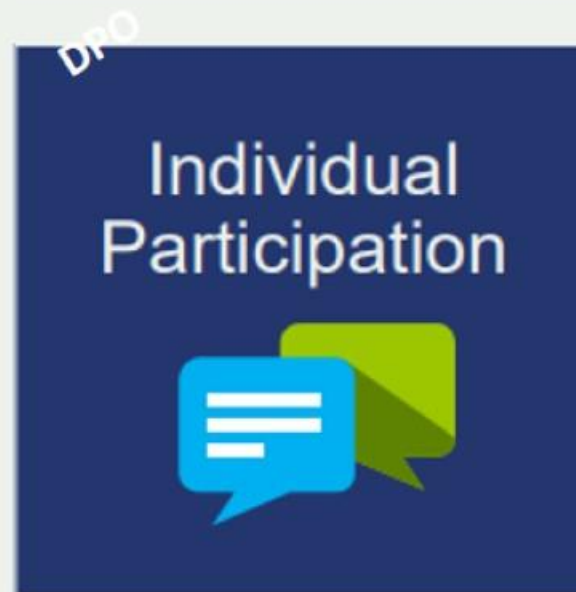
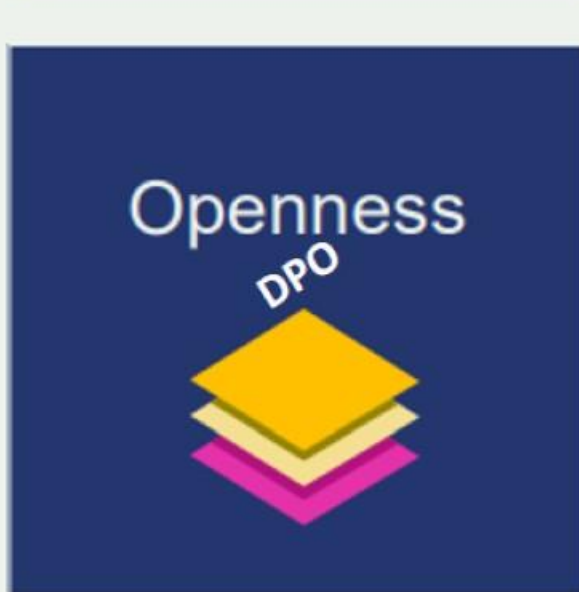
Data Protection and Privacy

- 137 out of 194 countries had put in place legislation to secure the protection of data and privacy.
- Africa and Asia show different level of adoption with 61 and 57 per cent of countries having adopted such legislations.
- The share in the least developed countries is only 48 per cent.

Guiding Principles

- 1 Global interoperability
- 2 Collaboration
- 3 Ethics
- 4 Privacy impact
- 5 Anonymity and pseudonymity
- 6 Data minimization
- 7 Choice
- 8 Legal environment
- 9 Technical environment
- 10 Business environment

Key Considerations



AFRICA

Existing Privacy Laws and Frameworks in Africa

SADC Model Law on Data Protection (2010) – Under Review

- ECOWAS Supplementary Act A/SA.1/01/10 on personal data protection (2010)

- EAC Framework for Cyberlaws (2008)

- African Union Convention on Cyber Security and Personal Data Protection (Malabo Convention)

- Privacy & Personal Data Protection Guidelines for Africa

- African Union Continental Data Policy Framework

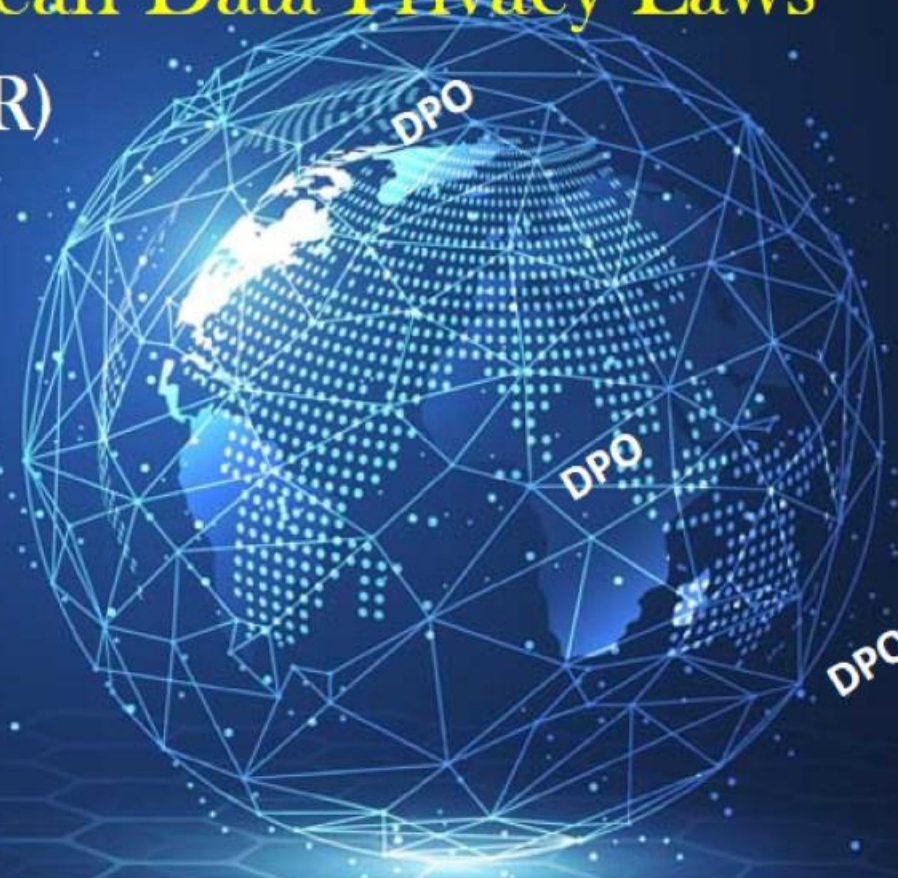
- The Digital Transformation Strategy for Africa (2020-2030)

- African Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA) agreement

European Union (EU)

The Evolving Landscape of European Data Privacy Laws

- General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- Data Governance Act (DGA)
- ePrivacy Directives
- ePrivacy Regulation
- Digital Markets Act
- Digital Services Act
- The Draft Data Act
- European Health Data Space (EHDS)
- Artificial Intelligence Regulation



Council of Europe (CoE)

Ratification of Mauritius to the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (Convention 108) which came into force on **01 October 2016.**

Ratification of the Protocol amending Convention for the Protection of individuals with regard to automatic processing of personal data on **04 September 2020.**

United Nations

- **United Nations International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights**
- **Universal Declaration of Human Rights**
- **UN Principles on Data Protection and Privacy**
- **UN Reports of the Special Rapporteur on the Right to Privacy**
- **Guidance Note on Data Privacy, Ethics and Protection for the United Nations Development Group (UNDG)**
- **UNESCO's Principles on Personal Data Protection and Privacy**
- **United Nations High Commission on Human Rights' resolution on The Right to Privacy in the Digital Age**

US

American Data Privacy and Protection Bill,
California Privacy Rights Act (2020), Consumer Data
Protection Act (Virginia), Utah Consumer Privacy Act
(UCPA), Connecticut Privacy Act, Colorado Privacy
Act, (CPA), Children's Online Privacy Protection Bill

China

- Personal Information Protection Law
(PIPL)

UK

- Data Protection Act 2018
- Online Safety Bill

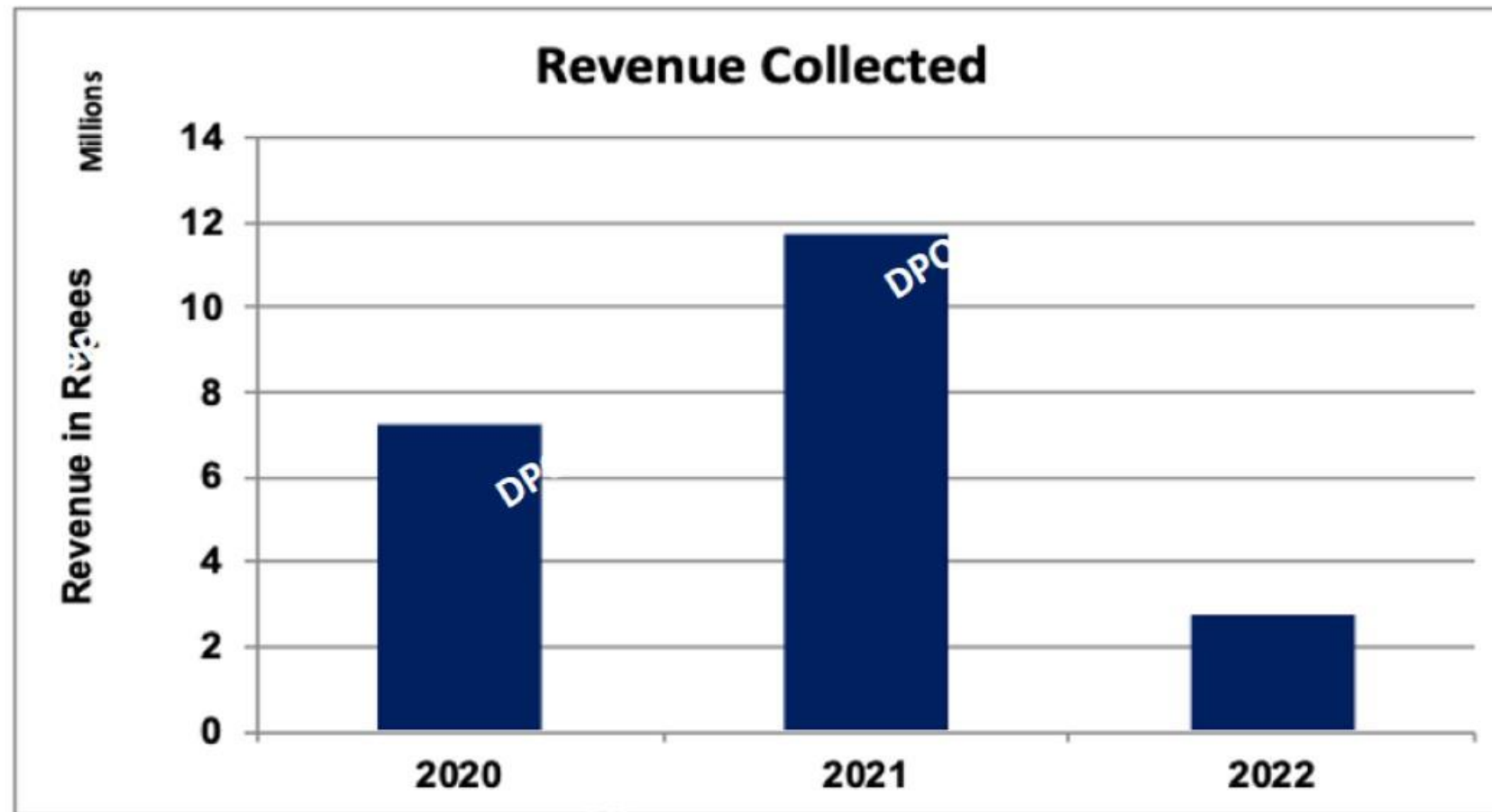
India

- Digital Personal Data Protection Bill
2022

Main Achievements of the Data Protection Office

Revenue Collected

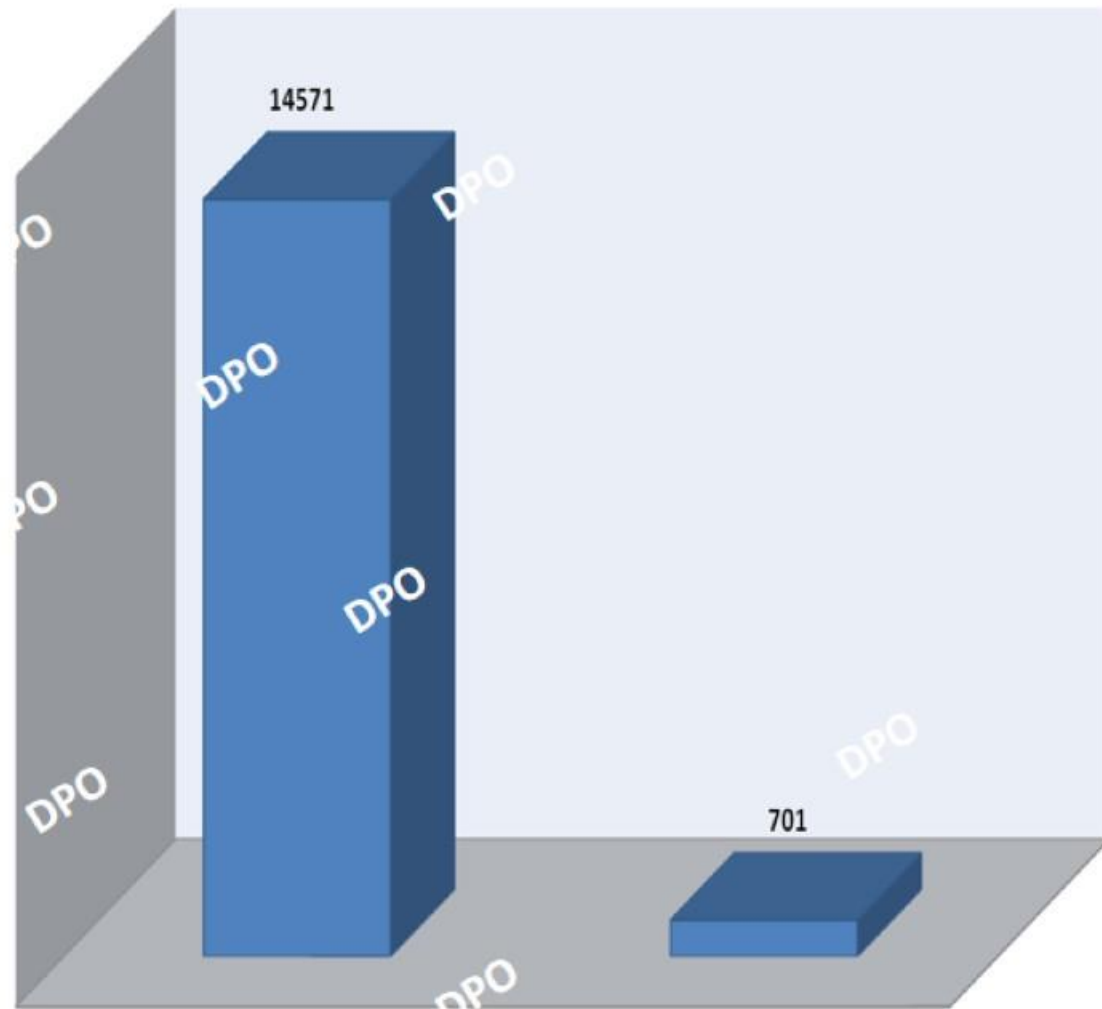
DPO collected a total revenue of **Rs 11,741,500** in 2021 and **Rs 2,736,500** for registration of controllers and processors in 2022.



European Union Adequacy

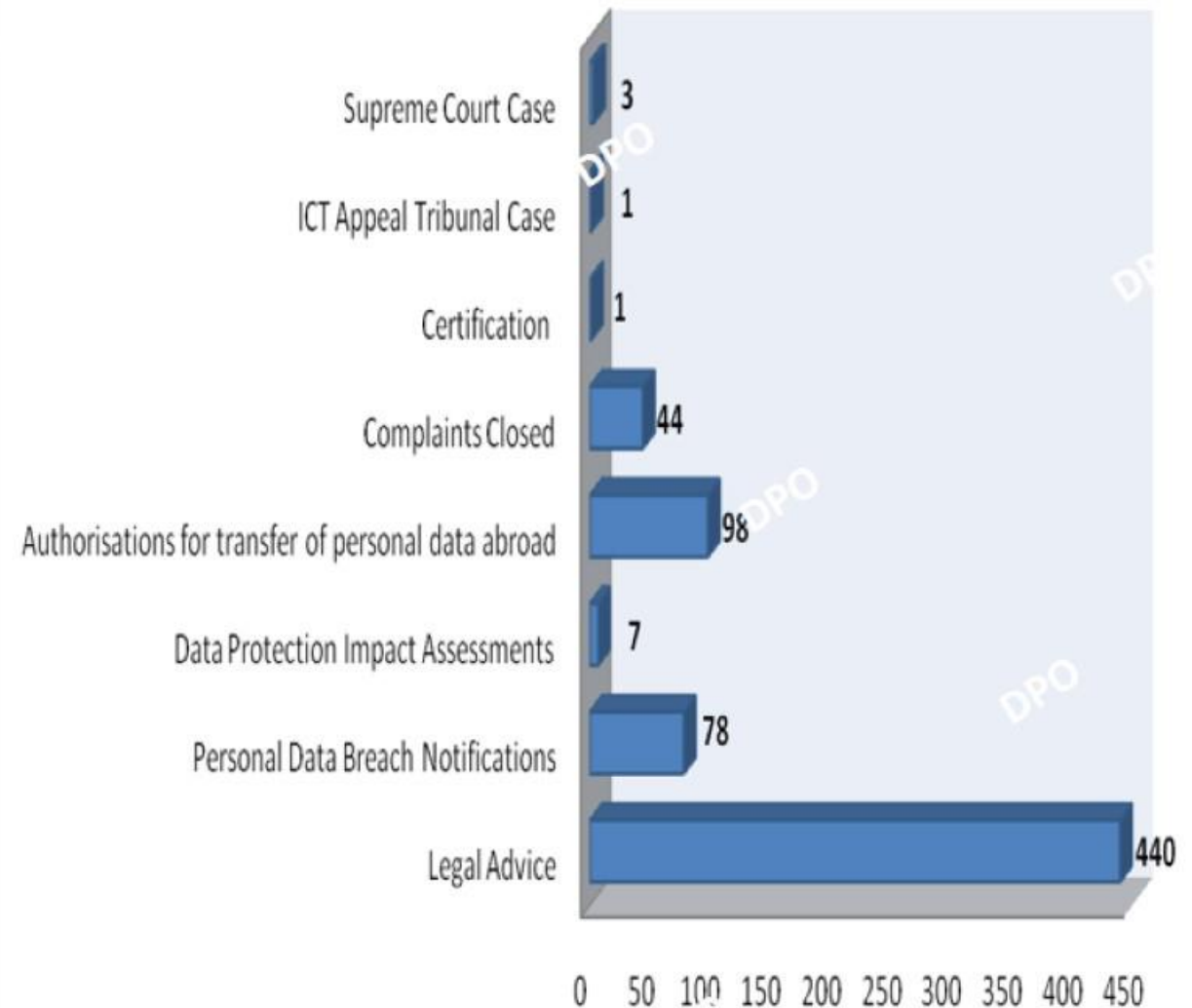
In conjunction with the adequacy requirements established by the European Union, the office prepared and submitted a report to the European Commission (EC) Directorate for its study and perusal with a view to a subsequent adequacy finding for Mauritius. The report aims to provide an overview of the Mauritian system in order for the EC to conduct an objective assessment.

Enforcing Data Protection Statistics 2021 – 2022



Number of controllers registered

Number of processors registered



Statistics & Nature of Cases/Complaints

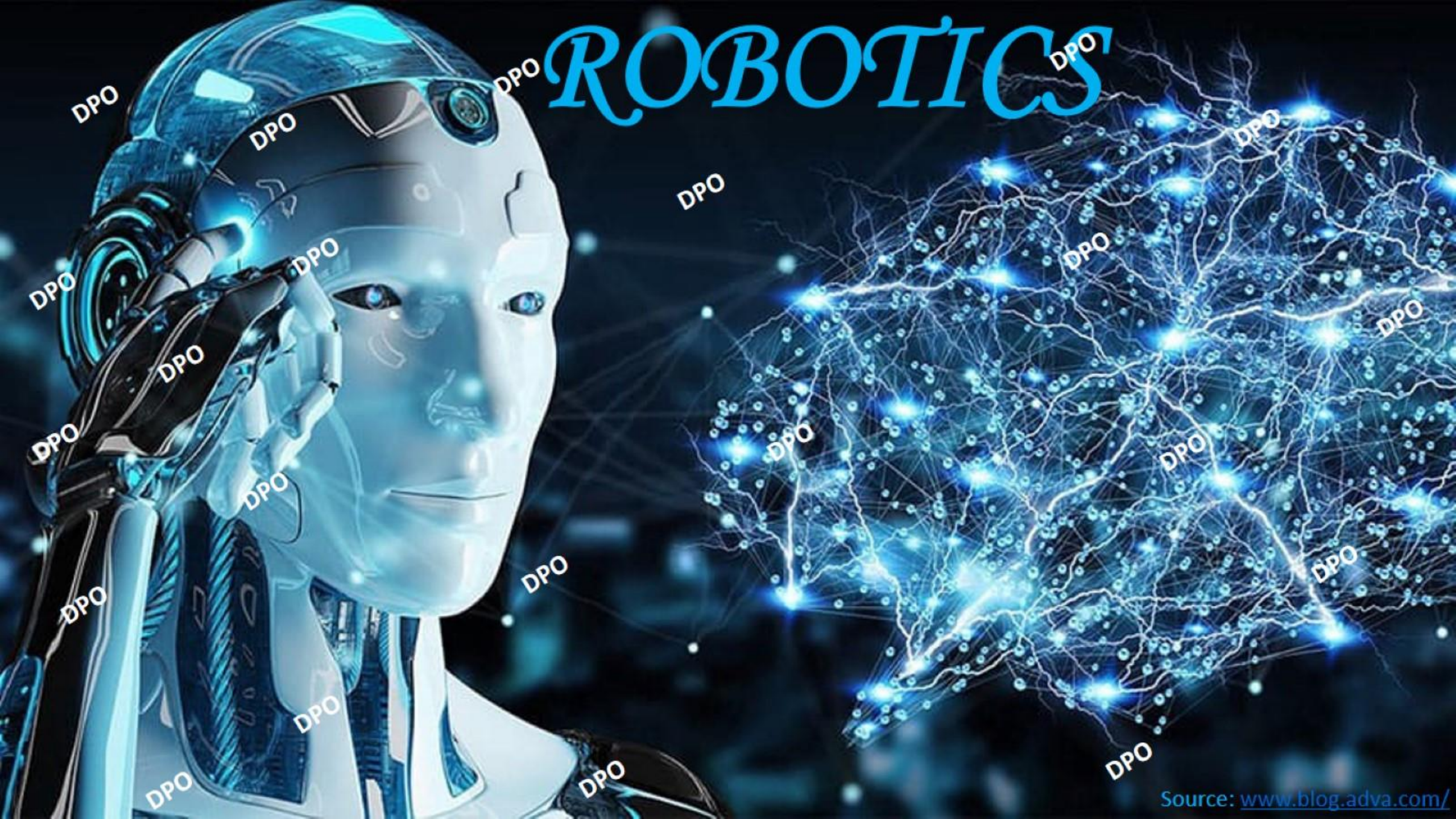
For the year 2021 to October 2022, 135 complaints have been received at the DPO. Out of the 135, 34 complaints have been resolved. 101 complaints are still ongoing which are classified as per table below:

Nature of Complaint	Total
CCTV Cameras	125
Fingerprints	1
Unlawful Disclosure of Personal Data	8
Rights of Data Subject Access	1

THE FUTURE

A call for Global Privacy Standards





ROBOTICS

PEOPLE AND PERSONAL DATA PROTECTION





SETTING THE RIGHT EQUILIBRIUM



The background is a dark gray with a subtle diamond-shaped checkerboard pattern. Scattered across the background are several gold-colored circles of varying sizes. Each circle has a thick, metallic-looking gold border and a dark center. The letters "DPO" are written in a white, sans-serif font on each circle, positioned at different angles. The text "Thank You For Your Attention..." is centered in a large, elegant, gold-colored script font. The overall aesthetic is professional and celebratory.

*Thank You
For
Your Attention...*